

Werke

— von —

Leone Sinigaglia

Op. 19. 12 Variationen über ein Thema von <i>Franz Schubert</i> (Heidenröslein) <i>M. 37</i>	
für Oboe und Pianoforte	2 60
Für Klarinette und Pianoforte	2 60
Für Violine und Pianoforte	2 60
Op. 20. Konzert für Violine und Orchester. A dur.	
Partitur	n. 12 —
Solo-Violine n. <i>M.</i> 3.— und Orchesterstimmen, 20 Hefte . . . je n. —	60
Für Violine und Pianoforte	6 —
Op. 26. Rapsodia piemontese für Violine und Orchester.	
Partitur	n. 3 —
Solo-Violine <i>M.</i> 1.— und Orchesterstimmen, 20 Hefte . . . je n. —	30
Für Violine und Pianoforte.	2 60



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Rapsodia piemontese.

Leone Sinigaglia, Op. 26.

Allegro.

Solo - Violine.

Pianoforte.

The first system of music shows the beginning of the piece. The solo violin part starts with a rest, followed by a melodic phrase marked *f con fuoco*. The piano accompaniment begins with a series of chords marked *f ben marc.*, followed by a melodic line marked *dim.* and *p*.

The second system continues the musical development. The violin part features a series of eighth-note patterns. The piano accompaniment consists of a steady rhythmic accompaniment with chords.

The third system introduces dynamic changes. The violin part is marked *dim.*. The piano accompaniment features a section marked *fp* (fortissimo piano) and *ff* (fortissimo).

The fourth system concludes the page with complex textures. The violin part has a melodic line with accents, and the piano accompaniment features a dense, rhythmic accompaniment.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff contains a complex melodic line with many sixteenth notes. The lower staff contains a piano accompaniment with a steady eighth-note bass line. Dynamics include *p* and *ff*.

Second system of musical notation, starting with a section marker **A**. The upper staff features a melodic line with slurs and accents. The lower staff has a piano accompaniment with chords and a moving bass line. Dynamics include *f*.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff has a melodic line with slurs and accents. The lower staff has a piano accompaniment with chords and a moving bass line. Dynamics include *f*, *p legg.*, and *mf*.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff has a melodic line with slurs and accents. The lower staff has a piano accompaniment with chords and a moving bass line. Dynamics include *p legg.*, *p*, *pp*, and *cresc.*.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff has a melodic line with slurs and accents. The lower staff has a piano accompaniment with chords and a moving bass line. Dynamics include *dim.*, *mf*, and *p*.

B

mf *cresc.*

f *poco dim.* *poco f* *dim.*

p *pp* *pp* *dim. e*

C

poco rall. *p*

p *p* *p*

cresc. **D** *mp* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

mf *dim.* *p* *mf* *dim.* *pp*

mf *p* *dolce* *p* *sfp* *p*

espress. *p* *espress.* *pp*

f *p* *pp* *pp* *rall.*

E Andantino mosso.

The first system of music for section E consists of two staves. The upper staff is a treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The lower staff is a bass clef with the same key signature. The music begins with a piano (*p dolce*) dynamic and transitions to mezzo-piano (*mp*) towards the end of the system.

The second system of music continues the piece. It features a forte (*f*) dynamic marking in the upper staff. The music is characterized by flowing lines and some chromatic movement.

The third system of music includes a piano (*p*) dynamic and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The music shows a gradual decrease in volume and intensity.

The fourth system of music begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf espress.*) dynamic and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic. It also features a *rit. e dim.* (ritardando and diminuendo) marking. The system concludes with a section labeled **F**.

First system of musical notation. The top staff contains a melodic line with a *cresc.* marking and a *f* dynamic at the end. The piano accompaniment consists of chords in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand, also marked *cresc.* and *f*.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with *pp* dynamics and *p* dynamics later. The piano accompaniment includes chords and a bass line, with a *dim.* marking and *p* dynamics.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff has a melodic line with *dim.* and *assai* markings. The piano accompaniment also features *dim.* and *assai* markings.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff has a melodic line with *pp* dynamics and *un - poco - cresc. - e - accel.* markings. The piano accompaniment includes chords and a bass line, also marked *pp* and *un - poco - cresc. - e - accel.*

G Tempo I. (Allegro.)

mf

mf

p

p

dim.

mf

dim.

mf

p

mp

p

dim.

più p

cresc.

poco

a

poco

marcato

p

e animando sino al f
p cresc. animando f

I Poco più mosso.

dim.

dim. fp

cresc. molto

f

K

ff con fuoco

ff marc.

mf

a tempo

cresc. e allarg.

mf

cresc. e allarg.

L

p vivo

p vivo

p

p legg.

cresc.

pp

cresc.

First system of musical notation. It consists of two staves: a single treble clef staff on top and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) on the bottom. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The top staff contains a complex melodic line with many beamed notes. The bottom staff contains a more rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *sino*, *al*, and *f*.

Second system of musical notation, continuing from the first. It features the same two-staff layout. The top staff continues the melodic line, and the bottom staff continues the accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *dim.* and *mf*.

Third system of musical notation. It begins with a large letter **M** above the staff. The top staff has a melodic line with a *p marc.* marking. The bottom staff has a more active accompaniment with a *f* marking. The key signature remains two sharps.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff has a melodic line with a *mp* marking. The bottom staff has a steady accompaniment with a *mf* marking. The key signature remains two sharps.

Fifth system of musical notation. The top staff has a melodic line with *cresc.*, *molto*, *sino*, and *al* markings. The bottom staff has an accompaniment with *cresc.*, *molto*, and *sino* markings. The key signature remains two sharps.

N Più animato

ff
- ff con brio

The first system of music features a piano part with a treble and bass clef. The piano part begins with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The bass clef part starts with a 3/4 time signature. The piano part is marked with a forte dynamic (ff) and the instruction 'con brio'. The violin part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It begins with a forte dynamic (ff) and a 'pizzicato' marking.

The second system continues the piano and violin parts. The piano part features a treble and bass clef. The piano part has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The bass clef part has a key signature of two sharps. The piano part is marked with a forte dynamic (ff). The violin part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It is marked with a forte dynamic (ff).

Stretto.

The third system continues the piano and violin parts. The piano part features a treble and bass clef. The piano part has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The bass clef part has a key signature of two sharps. The piano part is marked with a forte dynamic (ff). The violin part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It is marked with a forte dynamic (ff).

The fourth system continues the piano and violin parts. The piano part features a treble and bass clef. The piano part has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The bass clef part has a key signature of two sharps. The piano part is marked with a forte dynamic (ff). The violin part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It is marked with a forte dynamic (ff).

fff
fff

The fifth system continues the piano and violin parts. The piano part features a treble and bass clef. The piano part has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The bass clef part has a key signature of two sharps. The piano part is marked with a fortissimo dynamic (fff). The violin part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. It is marked with a fortissimo dynamic (fff).

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Für
Violine und Pianoforte.

Leone Sinigaglia

Rapsodia piemontese

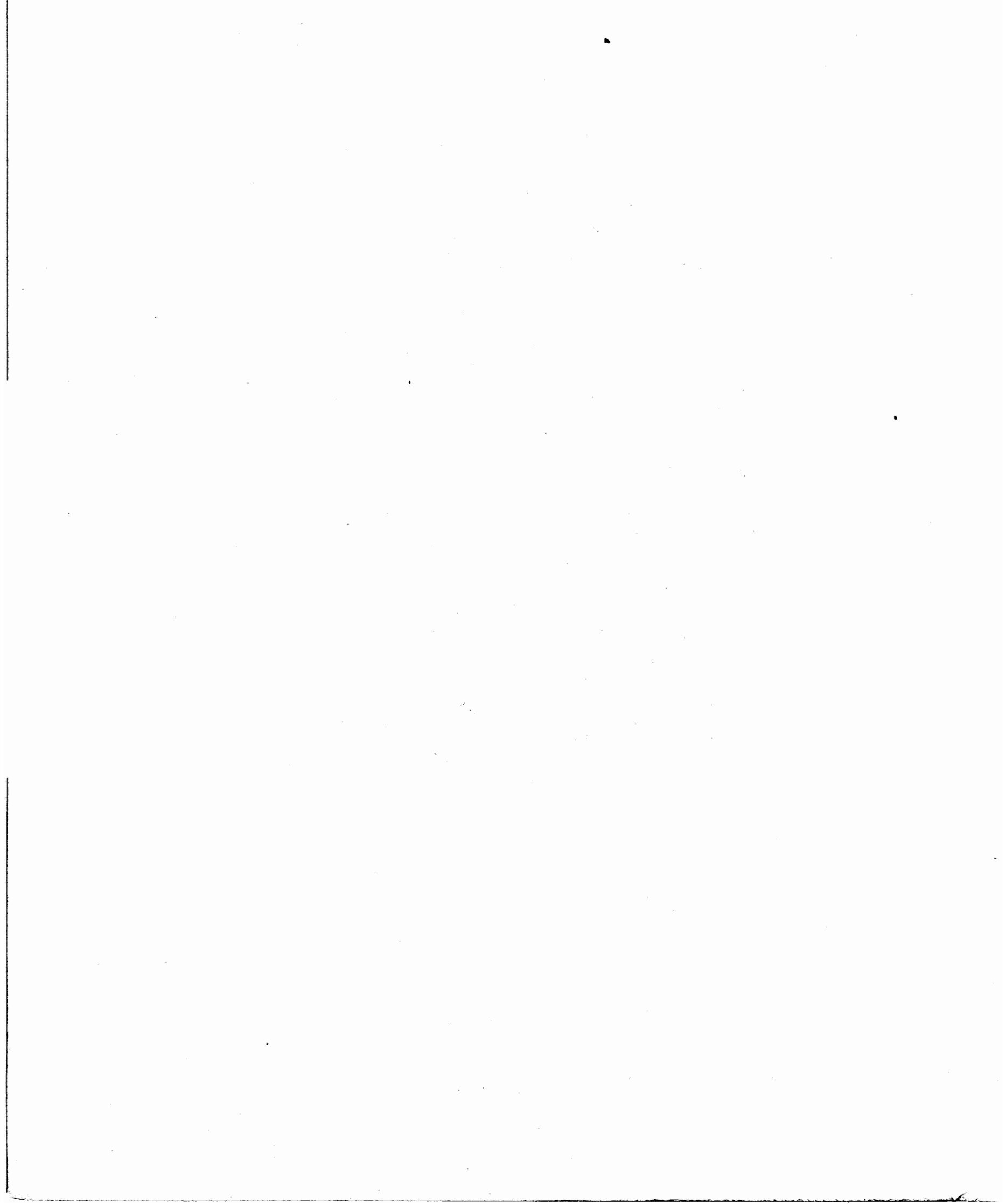
Op. 26

Violine

Breitkopf & Härtel
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ALEXANDER ROSE
Kunstalienhandlung



Werke

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Op. 19. 12 Variationen über ein Thema von <i>Franz Schubert</i> (Heidenröslein) <i>M. 9</i>	
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Für Violine und Pianoforte	2 60
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Partitur	n. 12 —
Solo-Violine n. <i>M.</i> 3.— und Orchesterstimmen, 20 Hefte . . . je n. —	60
Für Violine und Pianoforte	6 —
Op. 26. Rapsodia piemontese für Violine und Orchester.	
Partitur	n. 3 —
Solo-Violine <i>M.</i> 1.— und Orchesterstimmen, 20 Hefte . . . je n. —	30
Für Violine und Pianoforte.	2 60

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Rapsodia piemontese.

Violine.

Leone Sinigaglia, Op.26.

Allegro. 4 sul G.

ff con fuoco

dim.

f

p *ff*

f *p legg.* *f*

p legg. *p*

cresc. *f*

The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a *dim.* dynamic and a *mf* dynamic, marked with a 'B' section indicator. The second staff has a *cresc.* instruction. The third staff features a *f* dynamic followed by *poco dim.*. The fourth staff is marked *p*. The fifth staff, marked with a 'C' section indicator, begins with *dim. e poco rall.* and *p*. The sixth staff is marked *p*. The seventh staff is marked *p* and *cresc.*. The eighth staff, marked with a 'D' section indicator, begins with *mp* and *mf*. The ninth staff includes *2^a Corda* and *3^a Corda* markings, with dynamics *dim.*, *p*, *mf*, and *p*. The tenth staff includes *dolce* and *espressivo* markings, with dynamics *p*, *f*, and *p*. The piece concludes with a *3^a Corda* marking and a final *p* dynamic.

Violine.

Andantino mosso.

1 E 16

mf espressivo **F** *cresc.*

f *p*

p *dim.* *assai* *pp*

3^a Corda

Tempo I.

mf

un - poco cresc. e accel.

p *dim.* *p*

G

p *dim.* *p*

H

mf *p* *mp* *p* *cresc.*

3^a Corda

poco *poco* *e* *animando*

4^a Corda

I Poco più mosso.

sino - - - al *f*

dim.

f **K**

ff con fuoco

Musical score for Violin, starting in D major. The score consists of ten staves of music.

- Staff 1:** *ff marcatisimo*, *sul G.*, *a tempo*
- Staff 2:** *allarg. molto*, *allarg. molto*, *p vivo*
- Staff 3:** *p*, *L*
- Staff 4:** *p leggero*, *cresc.*, *sino*
- Staff 5:** *al*, *f*, *poco dim.*
- Staff 6:** *p*
- Staff 7:** *M*, *mp*
- Staff 8:** *mf*, *cresc.*
- Staff 9:** *molto*, *sino*, *al*, *ff*, *N Più animato.*
- Staff 10:** *fff*, *stretto*
- Staff 11:** *fff*



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- Nr. 5. Sonate, Es. [302.]
- Nr. 6. Sonate, G. [301.]
- Nr. 7. Sonate, F. [376.]
- Nr. 8. Sonate, C. [296.]
- Nr. 9. Sonate, F. [377.]
- Nr. 10. Sonate, B. [378.]
- Nr. 11. Sonate, G. [379.]
- Nr. 12. Sonate, Es. [380.]
- Nr. 13. Sonate, A. [402.]
- Nr. 14. Sonate für Pianoforte, B. [570.]
- Nr. 15. Sonate, B. [454.]
- Nr. 16. Sonate, Es. [481.]
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- 12. Händel, Larghetto, H m., und Allegro con brio, D, aus der Sonate Nr. 4.
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