

# Breitkopf & Härtel's Violin-Bibliothek

Editions Breitkopf & Härtel  
Bibliothèque du Violiniste.

Breitkopf & Härtel's Editions  
Library of Violin Music.

Für  
Violine und Pianoforte.

## Phantasien und Suiten.

Pianofortestimme (Part.) je 1 M., mit † bezeichnet 2 M., mit †† 3 M. †  
Violinstimme je 30 P., mit † 60 P., mit †† 90 P.

- Lecarpentier, Op. 94. Leichte Phantasie üb. d. Sirene von Auber, G.  
Lecarpentier, 44. Bagatelle über Otello von Rossini, F.  
Lipinski, Op. 28. Große Phantasie (Reminiscenzen) aus Die Puritaner von Bellini, D.  
Lumbye, Nebelbilder. Phantasie. (Hermann.) †  
Lumbye, Traumbilder. Phantasie. (F. L. Schubert.) †  
Reinecke, Op. 43. 3 Phantasiestücke. ††  
Ritter, Leichtes Duo über Der Prophet von Meyerbeer.  
Röntgen, Op. 24. Phantasie, A. m. ††  
Schubert, Op. 159. Phantasie, C. †  
Schumann, Op. 12. Phantasiestücke. (Abel.) †  
Schumann, Op. 12 Nr. 2. Aufschwung, Fm. (Abel.)  
Schumann, Op. 73. Phantasiestücke.  
Schumann, Op. 131. Phantasie, C. (Horn.)  
Schuppan, Op. 12. Phantasie, Gm. †  
Seiß, Op. 1. Phantasiestücke. †  
Thalberg u. Beriot, Op. 54. Großes konzertantes Duo über Semiramis von Rossini, A. m. †  
Wagner, Lohengrin. Phantasie, B. (Wichtl, Op. 97.) ††  
Wagner, Lohengrin. Potp. (Hermann.) S.VA. 1519.  
Walter, Op. 13. Phantasie und Capriccio.  
Weckbecker, Suite, E. m. †

Pianoforte.

Breitkopf & Härtel

Leipzig.

Brüssel · London · New York.

Kaesberg & Coertel

F. Wanderer.





PHANTASIE

FÜR

PIANOFORTE UND VIOLINE

VON

JULIUS RÖNTGEN.

Op. 24.



Eigenthum der Verleger für alle Länder:

LEIPZIG UND BRÜSSEL, BREITKOPF & HÄRTEL.

Pr.  $\frac{M. 4. 50.}{Fr. 5. 65.}$

*Eingetragen in das Vereinsarchiv.*

*Ent? Sta. Hall.*

17897.

*Paris, V. Durdilly & C<sup>ie</sup>, 11<sup>bis</sup> Boulevard Haussmann.*



409767

3

# Phantasie

für Pianoforte und Violine

von  
**Julius Röntgen.**

Op. 24.



Un poco allegretto.

*poco riten.*

Violine.



Musical notation for Violin and Piano. The Violin part is on a single staff with a treble clef and a 6/8 time signature. The Piano part consists of two staves (treble and bass clefs) with a 6/8 time signature. The piano part begins with the dynamic marking *p semplice*. The tempo marking *Un poco allegretto.* is at the top, and *poco riten.* appears above the piano part.

4/26/14 International 1.49

*a tempo*

*ritard.*

*a tempo*

*poco cresc.*

*a tempo*

*ritard.*

*a tempo*

*poco cresc.*

*Red.*



*ritard.*

*a tempo*

*riten.*

*più rit.*

*ritard.*

*a tempo*

*riten.*

*più rit.*

*Red.*



4

a tempo

*p cantabile*  
a tempo

*p*

*poco cresc.*

con Ped.

*p*

*p*

*poco cresc.*

*cresc.*

*più cresc.*

*cresc.*

*più cresc.*

*espress.*

*m. d.*

*p m. s.*

Ped.

d. Saite

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

57

*p* *cresc.* *f* *sf*  
*espress.* *cresc.*

*dim.* *dim.*

*poco rit.* *a tempo* *poco rit.*  
*poco rit.* *a tempo* *cresc.*  
*p* *poco rit.* *cresc.*

*a tempo* *rit.* *a tempo*  
*p* *cresc.* *p*  
*a tempo* *rit.* *a tempo*  
*pp* *poco cresc.* *p*

*poco rit.* *a tempo* *rit.* *più rit.* *lento*  
*più p* *rit.* *più rit.* *molto espress.*  
*poco rit.* *a tempo* *rit.* *più rit.* *lento*  
*più p* *pp* *espress.*

Allegro.

First system of the musical score. It consists of three staves: a single treble clef staff at the top, and a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) below. The top staff begins with the dynamic marking *f energico*. The grand staff begins with *f energico* and contains several *f* markings. The music is in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature.

Second system of the musical score, continuing the grand staff from the first system. It features complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings including *f* and *ff*.

Third system of the musical score. The grand staff continues with intricate textures. A *ff* marking is present in the upper right portion of the system.

Fourth system of the musical score. The grand staff continues. A marking *m. s. sopra* is located in the lower right area of the system.

Fifth system of the musical score. The grand staff continues. The marking *sempre ff* appears in both the upper and lower staves of the grand staff.



sempre *f* e marcato

This system contains the first two staves of music. The top staff features a melodic line with a series of eighth-note triplets. The bottom two staves provide harmonic support with chords and bass lines. The instruction "sempre *f* e marcato" is written in the middle of the system.

ten.

This system contains the third and fourth staves. The music continues with complex rhythmic patterns. The instruction "ten." appears twice, once in the upper staff and once in the lower staff.

ten. ten. ten. ten. *f* *f* *f*

This system contains the fifth and sixth staves. It features several instances of the instruction "ten." and dynamic markings of *f* (forte) in the lower staff.

*ff* *sf* *ff* *sf* *f*

This system contains the seventh and eighth staves. It includes dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *sf* (sforzando) in both the upper and lower staves.

*f* *f* *f* *f*

This system contains the ninth and tenth staves. The music concludes with several measures of chords and bass lines, marked with the dynamic *f* (forte).

L'istesso Tempo

*p molto dolce* *pizz.*

*p e molto dolce*

*con Ped.*

*arco* *rit.* *1. a tempo* *2. a tempo*

*1. a tempo* *2. a tempo*

*rit.* *p sempre*

*pizz.* *arco ritard.* *espress.*

*p* *espress.* *ritard.* *più p*

*a tempo* *Red. \** *Red. \**

*pp* *a tempo* *cresc.*

*pp* *cresc.*

*con Ped.*

*rit.* *molto p e poco sostenuto*

*rit.* *molto p e poco sostenuto*

*Red. \** *segue*

a tempo

*f energico*

The first system of music consists of a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is marked 'a tempo' and begins with a rest. The piano accompaniment is marked '*f energico*' and features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes in both hands. Dynamics include '*f*' and '*sf*'.

The second system continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano accompaniment maintains its rhythmic intensity. Dynamics include '*sf*'.

The third system continues the vocal and piano parts. Dynamics include '*sf*' and '*f*'.

d. Saite -

*f passionato*

The fourth system features a change in the piano accompaniment to chords, marked '*f passionato*'. The vocal line is marked '*f passionato*'.

*ad libitum*

*ad libitum*

The fifth system is marked '*ad libitum*' in both parts, indicating a cadenza. The piano accompaniment features chords and arpeggios. Dynamics include '*sf*'.



10 Tempo I.

*pizz.*  
*p*  
*poco rit.*  
*a tempo arco*  
*a tempo*  
*p semplice*  
*pp*

*ritard.* *a tempo* *ritard.* *a tempo* *pizz. riten.*  
*poco cresc.*  
*ritard.* *a tempo* *riten.*  
*p* *poco cresc.* *mf*

*ritard.* *a tempo* *riten.*  
*pp* *mf*  
*Red.* *\* più rit.* *Red.* *arco* *\*  
*p* *pp**

Lento espressivo.

*p* *poco cresc.*  
*p* *poco cres.*  
*con Ped.*

*poco cresc.*  
*p* *poco cresc.*

First system of musical notation. The vocal line (top) begins with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment (bottom) features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. A dynamic marking *p* is present at the end of the system.

Second system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *più p* and *molto rit.*. A *Ped.* marking is present at the end of the system.

Third system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *a tempo*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *sempre*. A *Ped.* marking is present at the beginning of the system.

Fourth system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *cresc.*, *f*, and *dim.*. A *Ped.* marking is present at the beginning of the system.

Fifth system of musical notation. The vocal line continues with a melodic phrase. The piano accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *molto tranquillo*, *pp*, *rit.*, and *morendo*. A *Ped.* marking is present at the beginning of the system.

12 Tempo I.

*p* *rit.* *a tempo*  
*semplice* *espress. cresc.* *p* *a tempo*

*dim. e riten.* *p poco a poco più mosso* *poco a poco cresc.*  
*dim. e riten.* *espress.* *poco a poco più mosso* *p* *poco*

*sempre più mosso*  
*a poco cresc.* *sempre più mosso*

*f cresc.* *8* *f cresc.*

*f*

Vivacissimo.

8  
*ff sempre*  
*ff sempre sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf*  
*marcato*  
*marcato*

*pù f*

*p subito*  
*cresc.*  
*p subito*  
*cresc.*

*cresc.*  
*pù cresc.*  
*cresc.*  
*pù cresc.*

*poco rit.*  
*poco rit.*

*a tempo*  
*ff a tempo*

*ff*  
*ff*

*ff*  
*ff*

*sempre ff*  
*sempre ff marcato*



First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff with piano accompaniment. The music is in a key with two sharps (F# and C#) and a 2/4 time signature. It includes various rhythmic values and dynamic markings.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piece. It features a treble and bass staff with piano accompaniment. The music includes a melodic line with a long note marked "lunga" and a dynamic marking of "sf".

Un poco animato.

Third system of musical notation, starting with the instruction "Un poco animato." It features a treble and bass staff with piano accompaniment. The music includes dynamic markings such as "p espressivo ad libitum", "accel.", and "cresc.".

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff with piano accompaniment. The music includes the instruction "poco a poco calando" and dynamic markings "ten.".

Fifth system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass staff with piano accompaniment. The music includes the instruction "molto lento" and dynamic markings "espr.", "più p", and "attacca".

16 Allegretto tranquillo.

The first system of the musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is a single treble clef line with a piano (*p*) dynamic marking at the beginning and a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a mezzo-forte *espress.* (*mf espress.*) dynamic. The middle and bottom staves are grand staff notation (treble and bass clefs). The middle staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The bottom staff contains sustained chords with fermatas.

The second system consists of three staves. The top staff features a piano (*p*) dynamic and a *p* dynamic marking. The middle staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The bottom staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The music includes various melodic lines and chordal accompaniment.

The third system consists of three staves. The top staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The middle staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The bottom staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The music includes various melodic lines and chordal accompaniment.

The fourth system consists of three staves. The top staff has a *p* dynamic marking and a *cresc. poco a poco* marking. The middle staff has a *p* dynamic marking and a *cresc. poco poco* marking. The bottom staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The music includes various melodic lines and chordal accompaniment.

The fifth system consists of three staves. The top staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The middle staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The bottom staff has a *p* dynamic marking. The music includes various melodic lines and chordal accompaniment.

*p molto cresc.* *rit.* *a tempo* *p*

*p molto cresc.* *rit.* *a tempo* *p*

*f* *cresc.*

*f* *cresc.*

*ff* *rit.* *tranq.* *p*

*ff* *rit.* *espr.* *p tranq.*

*Red.* *con Ped.*

*cresc.* *p*

*cresc.* *p*

*cresc.* *mf espress.*

*cresc.* *mf*

*cresc.*  
*cresc.*  
*f*

*ritard.*  
*ritard.*  
*f*

*a tempo espress.*  
*p*  
*a tempo*  
*ten.* *ten.*  
*cresc.*  
*cresc.*

*p*  
*dimin. e ritard.*  
*p*  
*dimin. e ritard.*  
*ritard.*

*a tempo*  
*a tempo*  
*molto p sempre più p*  
*molto p sempre più p*  
*con Ped.*

rit.

rit.

\*

a tempo

*p*

a tempo

*Red.*

*cresc.*

*poco cresc.*

*p*

*Red.*

*cresc.*

*mf espress.*

*poco cresc.*

*p*

*mf*

\*

*Red.*

*più f*

*più f*

*p*

*cresc.*

*p*

*cresc.*

*b*

*b*

*b*

*b*

*p cresc.* *poco rit.* *a tempo* *p cantabile*  
*a tempo*  
*tranq.*

*p cresc.* *poco rit.* *p* *con Ped.*

*cresc.* *p cantabile*

*cresc.*

*mf espress.* *p espress.*

*f*

The musical score is written for piano and consists of five systems of staves. Each system includes a right-hand treble staff and a left-hand bass staff. The first system begins with a treble staff containing a melodic line and a bass staff with a rhythmic accompaniment. The score includes various dynamics such as *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *f* (forte). Tempo markings include *poco rit.* (poco ritardando), *a tempo*, *cantabile*, and *tranq.* (tranquillo). Performance instructions like *con Ped.* (con pedal) and *espress.* (espressivo) are also present. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

*cresc.* *più cresc.*  
*più cresc.*

*poco a poco più animato* *f*

*cresc.* *ff*

*molto espress.*

espress.  
mf  
f dolce  
mf

Red. \* Red. \* Red. \*

p  
cresc.  
cresc.  
p

sempre cresc.-  
sempre cresc.

ff  
ff

Red. \* Red. \* Red. \*

ritard.  
ritard.

segue

Red. \* Red. \*



*più ritard.*

*più ritard.*

*Ped.*

\*

*dimin.*

*dimin*

*a tempo*

*p ma sempre espressivo tranquillo*

*p*

\*

*Ped.*

*cresc.*

*sempre con Ped.*

*f*

*dimin.*

*dimin.*

*con 8*

*p dimin.*

*p perdendosi*

*ten.*

*ten.*

*ppp*

*ppp*

*Ped.*

\*







# Breitkopf & Härtels

## Violinbibliothek.

Pianoforte und Violine. \* \* \* Nach Gruppen geordnet.

Pianofortestimme. Je 1 Mk. (mit † bezeichnet 2 Mk., mit †† 3 Mk.)

Violinstimme. Je 30 Pfg. (mit † bezeichnet 60 Pfg., mit †† 90 Pfg.)

• • • Abweichende Preise sind angegeben, die der Volksausgabe bleiben unberührt. • • •

### Sonaten. (Fortsetzung.)

#### Mozart, Sonaten. (David):

- Nr. 1. Sonate, A. [305.]
- Nr. 2. Sonate, C. [303.]
- Nr. 3. Sonate, D. [306.]
- Nr. 4. Sonate, Em. [304.]
- Nr. 5. Sonate, Es. [302.]
- Nr. 6. Sonate, G. [301.]
- Nr. 7. Sonate, F. [376.]
- Nr. 8. Sonate, C. [296.]
- Nr. 9. Sonate, F. [377.]
- Nr. 10. Sonate, B. [378.]
- Nr. 11. Sonate, G. [379.]
- Nr. 12. Sonate, Es. [380.]
- Nr. 13. Sonate, A. [402.]
- Nr. 14. Sonate für Pianoforte, B. [570.]
- Nr. 15. Sonate, B. [454.]
- Nr. 16. Sonate, Es. [481.]
- Nr. 17. Sonate, A. [526.]
- Nr. 18. Sonate, F. [547.]

Müller, Op. 61. Sonate, A. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Nardini, Sonate, D. (David, Hohe Schule des Violinspiels Nr. 7.) †

Niccolai, Op. 4. Cello-Sonate, E. †† Pfte. P. 6.—

Onslow, Op. 11. 3 grosse Sonaten:

- Nr. 1. Ddur.
- Nr. 2. Esdur.
- Nr. 3. Fmoll.

Onslow, Op. 15. Grosse Sonate Nr. 4. Fm.

Paganini, Op. 2 u. 3. 12 Sonatinen. Mit Pianofortebegleitung bearb. von David. Heft I  
Heft II.

Päque, Op. 32. Sonate Nr. 2, A m. ††

Philips, Op. 23. Sonate, D. ††

Porpora, Sonate, G. (David, Hohe Schule des Violinspiels Nr. 3.) †

Raif, Op. 11. Sonate, G m. †

Rappoldi, Op. 3. Sonate Nr. 2, A m. ††

Reinecke, Op. 89. Cello-Sonate Nr. 2, D. ††

Reinecke, Op. 116. Sonate, Em. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Richter, Op. 26. Sonate, A m. ††

Rietz, Op. 42. Sonate, G m. ††

Röntgen, Op. 1. Sonate, H m. ††

Röntgen, Op. 20. Sonate Nr. 2, Fism. ††

Rosenhain, Op. 98. Sonate, D m. ††

Rubinstein, Op. 18. Cello-Sonate, D. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Rubinstein, Op. 19. Sonate Nr. 2, A m. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Rubinstein, Op. 49. Viola-Sonate, F m. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Rüfer, Op. 1. Sonate, G m. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Scharwenka, Ph., Op. 110. Sonate, H m. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Scharwenka, X., Op. 2. Sonate Nr. 1, D m. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

Schubert, Op. 137. 3 Sonatinen. Siehe VA. 1401.

Schubert, Op. 137 Nr. 1. Sonatine, D

Schubert, Op. 137 Nr. 2. Sonatine, A m.

Schubert, Op. 137 Nr. 3. Sonatine, G m.

Schubert, Op. 162. Sonate, A.

Schule, die hohe, des Violinspiels. Werke berühmter Meister des 17. und 18. Jahrhunderts für Violine und Pianoforte bearb. von David. Siehe VA. 375. 375 a/b.

- Nr. 1. Biber, Sonate, C m. †
- Nr. 2. Corelli, Folies d'Espagne. (Variationen.) †
- Nr. 3. Porpora, Sonate, G. †
- Nr. 4. Vivaldi, Sonate, A. †
- Nr. 5. Leclair, Sonate (Le Tombeau), C m. †
- Nr. 6. Leclair, Sonate, G. †
- Nr. 7. Nardini, Sonate, D. †
- Nr. 8. Veracini, Sonate, Em. ††
- Nr. 9. Bach, Sonate, Em. †
- Nr. 10. Bach, Sonate, C m. †
- Nr. 11. Händel, Sonate, A. †
- Nr. 12. Tartini, Sonate, D. †
- Nr. 13. Vitali, Ciaccona, G m. †
- Nr. 14. Locatelli, Sonate, G m. †
- Nr. 15. Geminiani, Sonate, C m. †
- Nr. 16. Sonate, A m., ohne Autornamen. †
- Nr. 17. Sonate, Es, ohne Autornamen. †
- Nr. 18. Sonate, C m., ohne Autornamen. †
- Nr. 19. Fr. Benda, Mestrino, Stamitz, Locatelli, Capricen. ††
- Nr. 20. Mozart, Andante, Menuett und Rondo, G. ††
- Nr. 21. Leclair, Andante und Chaconne. †
- Nr. 22. Leclair, Sarabande und Tambourin. †
- Nr. 23. Leclair, Menuett, Gavotte und La Chasse. †

Schumann, Op. 105. Sonate Nr. 1, A m.

Schumann, Op. 121. Sonate Nr. 2, D m. †

Sonatenstudien. Ausgewählte Sätze aus den Werken klassischer und neuer Meister für Unterricht und praktischen Gebrauch von Hermann.

- 1. Mozart, Andantino sostenuto, Es, a. d. Sonate Nr. 34.
- 2. Krause, Allegro comodo, C, aus der Sonate Op. 23 Nr. 1.
- 3. Schubert, Andante, A, aus der Sonatine Op. 137 Nr. 1.
- 4. Bach, Andante un poco (Canon), Fism., aus der Sonate Nr. 2. Heft 1. †
- 5. Händel, Allegro (Giga), A, aus der Sonate Nr. 1.
- 6. Haydn, Tempo di Menuetto, D, aus der Sonate Nr. 2.
- 7. Weber, Carattere spagnuolo, G, aus der Sonate Nr. 2.
- 8. Gade, Romanze Es, aus der Sonate Op. 59.
- 9. Krause, Presto, Em., aus der Sonate Op. 23 Nr. 3.
- 10. Mozart, Allegro, Es, aus der Sonate Nr. 26. Heft 2. †
- 11. Dussek, Rondo, C, aus der Sonate Op. 36.
- 12. Händel, Larghetto, H m., und Allegro con brio, D, aus der Sonate Nr. 4.
- 13. Beethoven, Adagio, D, aus der Sonate Op. 30 Nr. 1.
- 14. Haydn, Allegro moderato, D, aus der Sonate Nr. 2. Heft 3. †

Sonatenstudien. Ausgewählte Sätze aus den Werken klassischer und neuer Meister für Unterricht und praktischen Gebrauch von Hermann.

- 15. Schubert, Allegro moderato, G m., aus der Sonatine Op. 137 Nr. 3. Heft 3. †
  - 16. Mozart, Allegro, Em., aus der Sonate Nr. 22. †
  - 17. Beethoven, Allegro molto, A m., a. d. Sonate Op. 23.
  - 18. Bach, Adagio, E, aus der Sonate Nr. 3. Heft 4. †
  - 19. Dussek, „Les soupirs“. Adagio cantabile, Es, aus der Sonate Op. 69 Nr. 1.
  - 20. Onslow, Andantino, Em., aus dem Duo Op. 29.
  - 21. Weber, Largo e Polacca, C m., aus der Sonate Nr. 2. Op. 13.
  - 22. Hummel, Rondo pastorale, D., aus der Sonate Op. 50. Heft 5. †
  - 23. Schubert, Allegro moderato, A m., aus der Sonatine Op. 137 Nr. 2.
  - 24. Haydn, Rondo presto, G, aus der Sonate Nr. 3.
  - 25. Hummel, Allegro con garbo, A, aus der Sonate Op. 64 Nr. 1.
  - 26. Weber, Rondo, D, aus der Sonate Nr. 3. Heft 6. †
  - 27. Onslow, Allegro agitato, G m., aus dem Duo Op. 31.
  - 28. Grieg, Allegretto tranquillo, Em., aus der Sonate Op. 13.
  - 29. Röntgen, Con animazione, Fism., aus der Sonate Nr. 2. Op. 20. Heft 7. †
  - 30. Gade, Allegro di molto, A, aus der Sonate Op. 6.
  - 31. Händel, Sonate Nr. 6, A.
  - 32. Huber, Allegro con fuoco, G, aus der Sonate Op. 102. Heft 8. †
  - 33. Rubinstein, Allegro non troppo, A m., aus der Sonate Nr. 2. Op. 19.
  - 34. Scharwenka, X., Romanze, B, aus der Sonate Nr. 1. Op. 2.
  - 35. Reinecke, Allegro con fuoco, Em., aus der Sonate Op. 116. Heft 9. †
  - 36. Rubinstein, Scherzo, F, aus der Sonate Nr. 2. Op. 19.
- Speer, Op. 4. Sonate Nr. 1, D. ††  
Street, Op. 21. Sonate Nr. 1, B. ††  
Street, Op. 28. Sonate Nr. 2, Es. ††  
Tartini, Der Teufelstriller. Sonate, G m. mit Kadenz. (Becker.) †  
Tartini, Sonate, D. (David, Hohe Schule des Violinspiels Nr. 12.) †  
Veracini, Sonate, Em. (David, Hohe Schule des Violinspiels Nr. 8.) ††  
Vivaldi, Sonate, A. (David, Hohe Schule des Violinspiels Nr. 4.) †  
Walter, Op. 2. 3 leichte Sonatinen. †  
Weyermann, Op. 10. Grosse Sonate Nr. 3, Em. †  
Zeckwer, Op. 7. Sonate Nr. 2, D. †† Pfte. P. 5.—

