

SPANISH CHORAL BALLADS

*Sacred and Secular
Catalonian Folk Music*

Edited by
KURT SCHINDLER

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The Ballad of Don Joán and Don Ramón

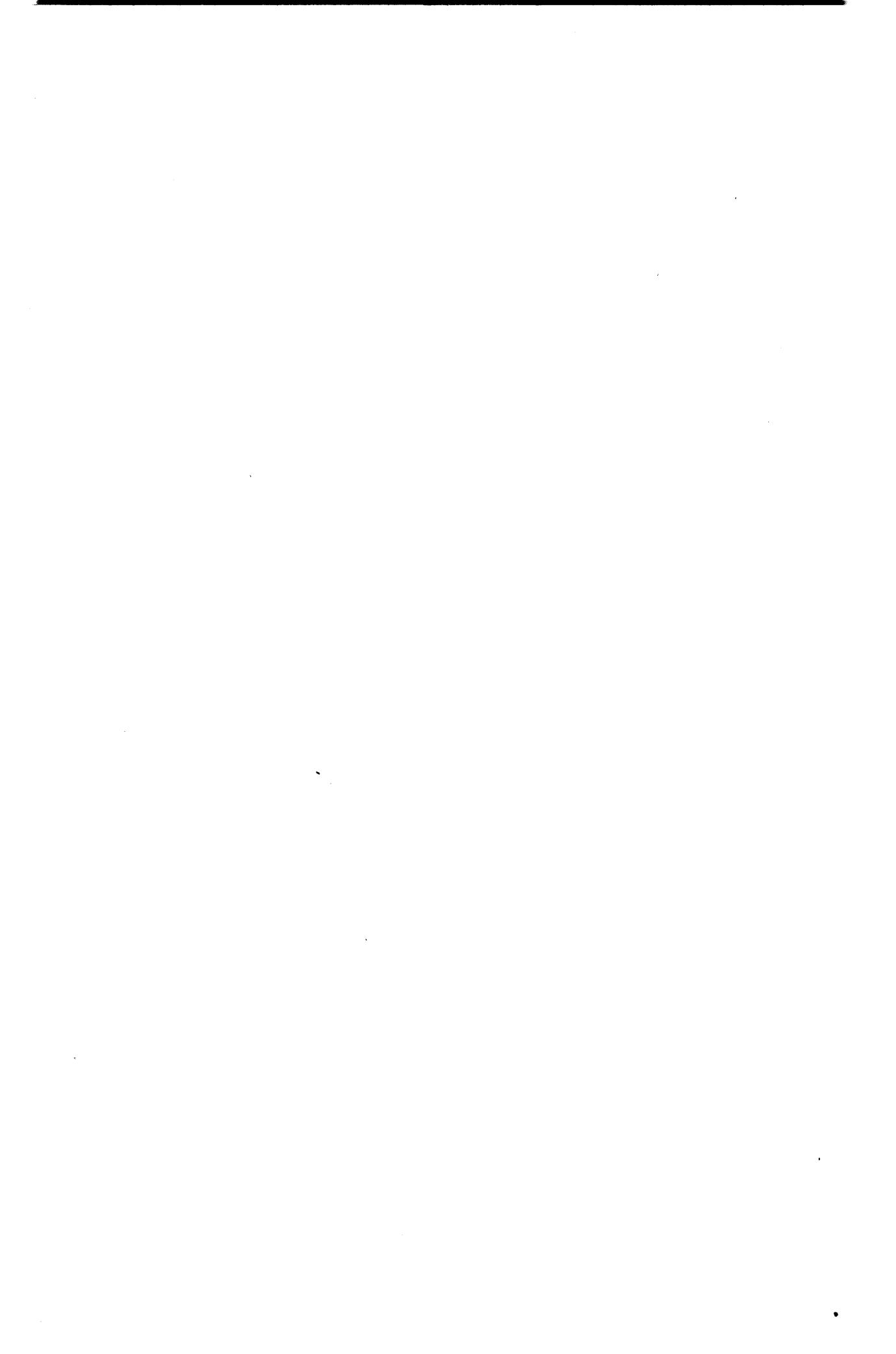
(*Romanç de Don Joán i Don Ramón*)

BASED UPON
TWO FOLK-MELODIES FROM
THE SPANISH ISLAND OF MALLORCA
BY FELIP PEDRELL

No. 13,303
SIX-PART CHORUS OF MIXED VOICES

20 cents

BOSTON: OLIVER DITSON COMPANY
NEW YORK: CHAS. H. DITSON & CO. CHICAGO: LYON & HEALY



THE BALLAD OF DON JOÁN AND DON RAMÓN

(*Romanç de Don Joán i Don Ramón*)

THE two enemy brothers, Don Joán and Don Ramón, come home from a hunt. In a fratricidal fight Don Joán falls, while Don Ramón returns, himself and his horse covered with wounds. From his anguished mother, who comes to meet him, he tries to conceal the truth, pretending that a bad surgeon, whom he consulted for his leech-craft, inflicted the wounds on him; but on her reiterated questionings and imprecations he gradually tells the gruesome tale, knowing that he and his horse are bleeding to death. And he asks his mother to bury him in the vale of Sta. Eulalia and to put a sword straight across his tombstone, so that all passers-by might know and pity the poor mother, who lost her two sons—while hunting!

Catalan Original Text

Don Joán i Don Ramón
venian de la caçada.
Don Joán cau del cavall
i Don Ramón hi colcava.

Sa mare qui'l veu venir
per un camp que verdejava
colhint violes i flors
per curar les seues nafrés:

"D'hont veniu, mon fiy Ramón?
d'hont veniu, colors mudades?"
"Ma mare! Sagnat me som,
la saynia m'han errada."

"Oh malhaja! tal barber,
qui tal saynia ens ha dada!"
"Ma mare, no fastomeu!
que's la darrera vegada.

Entre jo i el meu cavall
portam vint i nou llançades;
el cavall ne porta nou
i jo totes les que falten.

Mon cavall morira anit
i jo a la de matinada;
el cavall l'enterrareu
al millor lloc del estable;

I m'enterrareu a mi
en el vas de Santa Eularia,
i demunt hei posareu
una espasa entrevessada;

I tothom qui passará,
dirà: 'Ai, la pobre mare!
Tots dos fiyets que ha tingut,
se son morts a la caçada.'"

Literal Translation

Don Joán and Don Ramón
rode home from the chase.
Don Joán fell from his horse,
but Don Ramón galloped on.

His mother who saw him come
through a verdant field
culling herbs and flowers
to cure his wounds, said to him:

"Wherefrom dost thou come, my son Ramón,
and why art thou looking so ghastly pale?"
"My mother! I have been sorely bled,
The loss of blood has made me so weak."

"Oh! curst be the surgeon
who gave thee such evil bleeding!"
"My mother, do not blaspheme!
for this is the last you will see of me.

Between me and my horse
we bear no less than twenty-nine wounds;
nine bears my horse,
the other twenty bear I.

My horse will die to-night
and I early in the morning;
I pray thee, bury my horse
in the best place in the stable;

But myself thou shalt bury
in the vale of Santa Eulalia,
and over my grave straight across
thou'll lay a sword;

And all the passers-by shall say:
'Oh! the poor mother!
The only two sons which she had,
have found their death while hunting!'"

Felip Pedrell is one of the foremost composers of modern Spain, but as yet little known outside of his own country. He has written several operas and has contributed largely to the choral repertory of the Orfeó Catalá. When this Barcelona chorus visited London and Paris in the spring of 1914, his "Ballad of Don Joán and Don Ramón" was acclaimed as one of their most remarkable offerings. In fact, it contains some remarkable technical innovations: the tramping of horses, as illustrated by the divided syncopated basses; the uncanny anxiety as pictured by the device of having one-half of the inner voices humming, the other half quickly muttering their words; the clever use of dynamic contrasts and of rich, sombre harmonies are notable accessories in creating the dramatic, intense atmosphere of the ballad.

For his melodic material Pedrell went to the song-treasures of the island of Mallorca (opposite Barcelona, in the Mediterranean Sea; famous as the one-time abode of Chopin and George Sand). On this island the old folksongs of Catalonia have been preserved in great purity. The words of the ballad are of more modern origin.—K.S.



THE BALLAD OF DON JOÁN AND DON RAMÓN
(ROMANÇ DE DON JOÁN I DON RAMÓN)

1

For Mixed Voices

Traditional verses of mediaeval Catalonia

English version by

Deems Taylor and Kurt Schindler

Based upon two folk-melodies
from the Spanish island of Mallorca
FELIP PEDRELL

Prelude for Harp (or Piano)

HARP

SOPRANO

Poco mosso

Don Jo - án and Don Ra - móñ From the

ALTO

(Hum)

TENOR I and II

(Hum)

BASS I

Don Jo - án and Don Ra - móñ

BASS II

Hop, hop, hop, hop, hop hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop,

Poco mosso

(For rehearsal only)

hunt - ing were re - turn - ing, From the hunt - ing were re - turn - ing.

From the hunt - ing were re - turn - ing.

hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, *hop, hop, hop, hop,

*Note for Choral Conductors. In order to facilitate the execution of the following nine measures of syncopation, it will be found expedient to train the basses during the early rehearsals to clap their hands rhythmically in time with the conductor, while singing their notes between beats. Very soon the singers will be able to render the passage almost mechanically, and will only require a special sign for the descending notes (A-G) of the last two measures. K. S.

p

From his steed fell Don Jo - án, — But his broth - er gal-lop'd

(Hum)

(Hum)

From his steed fell Don Jo - án,
— hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop,

pp

on - ward, But his broth - er gal-lop'd on - ward.

pp

pp *dim.*

But his broth - er gal - lop'd on - - - ward.

pp *dim.*

— hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop, —

dim.

Andantino

*)
Lo, his moth-er saw Ra - móñ
Rid-ing home-ward through the
Lo, his moth-er saw Ra - móñ
Rid - - ing through the
Lo, his moth-er saw Ra - móñ
Rid-ing home-ward through the
Lo, his moth-er saw Ra - móñ
dim.
Lo, his moth-er saw Ra - móñ
dim.
Lo, his moth-er saw Ra - móñ
Andantino

f cresc. e pesante
mead-ow Where she gath-er'd herbs and flow'r's For to make a sooth-ing
mead-ow Where she gath-er'd herbs and flow'r's For to make a sooth-ing
mead-ow Where she gath-er'd herbs and flow'r's For to make a sooth-ing
Where she gath-er'd herbs and flow'r's a sooth-ing
Where she gath-er'd herbs and flow'r's a sooth-ing
f cresc. e pesante

*) The two following measures should be rendered by a few solo voices from each group. The entire chorus joins again at the words: "Where she gathered." (Composer's note)

Andantino

ff , ^ ^ ^ ^ balm to heal him. (She gath-er'd herbs and flow'rs:) — "Why so pale, my
 ff , ^ ^ ^ ^ balm to heal him. (She gath-er'd herbs and flow'rs:) — "Why so pale, my
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Andantino

ff , ^ ^ ^ ^ balm to heal him. (She gath-er'd herbs and flow'rs:) — "Why so pale, my
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 ff , ^ ^ ^ ^ balm to heal him. (She gath-er'd herbs and flow'rs:) — "Why so pale, my
 ff , ^ ^ ^ ^ balm to heal him. (She gath-er'd herbs and flow'rs:) — "Why so pale, my

poco rall.

allarg.

son Ra-món? Dost thou bring me dole - ful tid - ings?"
 son Ra-món? Dost thou bring me dole - ful tid - ings?"
 son Ra-món? Dost thou bring me dole - ful tid - ings?"
 son Ra-món? Dost thou bring me dole - ful tid - ings?"
 son Ra-món? Dost thou bring me dole - ful tid - ings?"

poco rall.

allarg.

Andantino (come prima) *poco rall.* *allarg.*

“Moth-er mine, I’m wound-ed sore, ’Twas _____ an e - vil sur - geon bled

“Moth-er mine, I’m wound-ed sore, ’Twas an e - vil sur - geon bled

“Moth-er mine, I’m wound-ed sore, ’Twas an e - vil sur - geon bled

“Moth-er mine, I’m wound-ed sore, ’Twas an e - vil sur - geon bled

Andantino (come prima) *poco rall.* *allarg.*

Largo

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound - ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

Largo

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound - ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

me!" "Oh, ac - curs - ed he who wound-ed thee,

Andantino (*con moto*)

Who has brought such woe up - on thee! Oh, ac-curs - ed be his name!"
 Who _____ has brought such woe up - on thee!"
 Who has brought such woe up - on _____ thee!"
 Who has brought such woe up - on _____ thee!"

Andantino (*con moto*)

Andantino (*come prima*) *poco rall.* *allarg. molto*

"Curse him not, O moth-er mine! For _____ the hour of part - ing is near.
 "Curse him not, O moth-er mine! For the hour of part - ing is near.
 "Curse him not, O moth-er mine! For the hour of part - ing is near.
 "Curse him not, O moth-er mine! For the hour of part - ing is near."

Andantino (*come prima*) *poco rall.* *allarg. molto*

p

Poco mosso (Tempo I)

See, my horse and I are
(1st sing) See, my horse and I, O moth - er,
(2^d hum) * (Hum)
See, my horse and I, O moth - er,
(1st sing) See, my horse and I, O moth - er,
(2^d hum) * (Hum)

See, my horse and I are
Hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop,

Poco mosso (Tempo I)

bear - ing Nine-and - - - ty wounds be - tween us, Nine-and -
bear - ing Nine-and-twen - ty, nine - and-twen - ty wounds be - tween us; pp

bear - ing Nine-and-twen - ty, nine - and-twen - ty wounds be - tween us; pp

bear - - - ing Nine - - - and - - twen - ty

hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop,

(all altos hum)

(all tenors hum)

*) The Second Altos and Second Tenors hum with closed mouth; the First Altos and First Tenors sing the words of the text, with an expression of excited anxiety, and almost whining. (Composer's note)

p

twen - ty wounds be - tween us; Nine times wound - ed is my
(1st sing) *p* Nine times wound-ed is my steed, O
(2^d hum) (Hum)
Nine times wound-ed is my steed, O
(1st sing) *p*
(2^d hum) (Hum)

wounds be - tween us; Nine times wound - - ed
hop, hop,-

pp

steed, — And I bear the oth - er twen - ty, and I
moth-er mine, And I am bear - ing the oth - er twen - ty. *pp*
(all altos hum)
moth-er mine, And I am bear - ing the oth - er twen - ty. *pp*
(all tenors hum)
is my steed, And I
— hop, hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop, — hop, hop, hop,- *pp*

bear the oth-er twen - ty.

bear the oth - - er twen - - ty.

hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop, hop.

dim.

dim.

Andantino

f

Lo, my char-ger dies to - night.

I shall die at ear-ly

f

Lo, my char-ger dies to - night.

I shall die at ear-ly

f

Lo, my char-ger dies to - night.

I shall die at ear-ly

f

Lo, my char-ger dies to-night.

Lo, my char-ger dies to-night.

Andantino

f

Lo, my char-ger dies to-night.

f

Lo, my char-ger dies to-night.

p

*) As in the similar passage preceding (on page 3) the two following measures should be rendered by a few solo voices from each group. The entire chorus joins with the words: "Bury thou my noble steed."
(Composer's note)

mf

sun - rise. — Bu - ry thou my no - - ble steed

mf

sun - rise. — Bu - ry thou my no - - ble steed

mf

sun -rise. — Bu - ry thou my no - - ble steed

mf

Bu - ry thou my no - - ble steed,

Bu - ry thou my no - - ble steed,

cresc. e pesante

f ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ In the sta - ble where I raised him, the sta - ble where I

f ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ In the sta - ble where I raised him, the sta - ble where I

f — , *ff* ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ In the sta - ble where I raised him, the sta - ble where I

f — , *ff* ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ In the sta - ble where I raised him, the sta - ble where I

f — , *ff* ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ In the sta - ble where I my no - ble steed In the sta - ble where I

f — , *ff* ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ In the sta - ble where I my no - ble steed In the sta - ble where I

f cresc. e pesante

ff ^ ^ ^ ^ ^

Andantino

poco rall.

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me In —

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

Andantino

poco rall.

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

raised him. — Moth - er mine, oh, bu - ry me

poco allarg.

Andantino (come prima)

p

— the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

In the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

In the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

In the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

poco allarg.

Andantino (come prima)

p

— the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

In the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

In the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

In the vale of Saint Eu-lia! — Take this sword I

poco rall.

give to thee, Lay it straight a - cross my tomb!

give to thee, Lay it straight a - cross my tomb!

give to thee, Lay it straight a - cross my tomb!

give to thee, Lay it straight a - cross my tomb!

poco rall.

allarg.

Largo dolente

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Then shall all ex - claim who pass my grave:

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Then shall all ex - claim who pass my grave:

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Then shall all ex - claim who pass my grave:

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Then shall all ex - claim who pass my grave:

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Then shall all ex - claim who pass my grave:

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Largo dolente

sfz sfz sfz p *sfz p* *pp*

Andantino mosso (*come prima*)*f cresc.*

Pit - y a moth-er's sor - row!

Both her no - ble sons have

f cresc.

Pit - y moth - er's sor - row!

Both her no - ble sons have

f cresc.

Pit - - y moth-er's sor - row!

Both her no - ble sons have

f cresc.

Pit - y moth - er's sor - row!

Her sons have

f cresc.

Her sons have

Andantino mosso (*come prima*)*f cresc.*

died a - hunt - ing, have died a - hunt - - ing." —

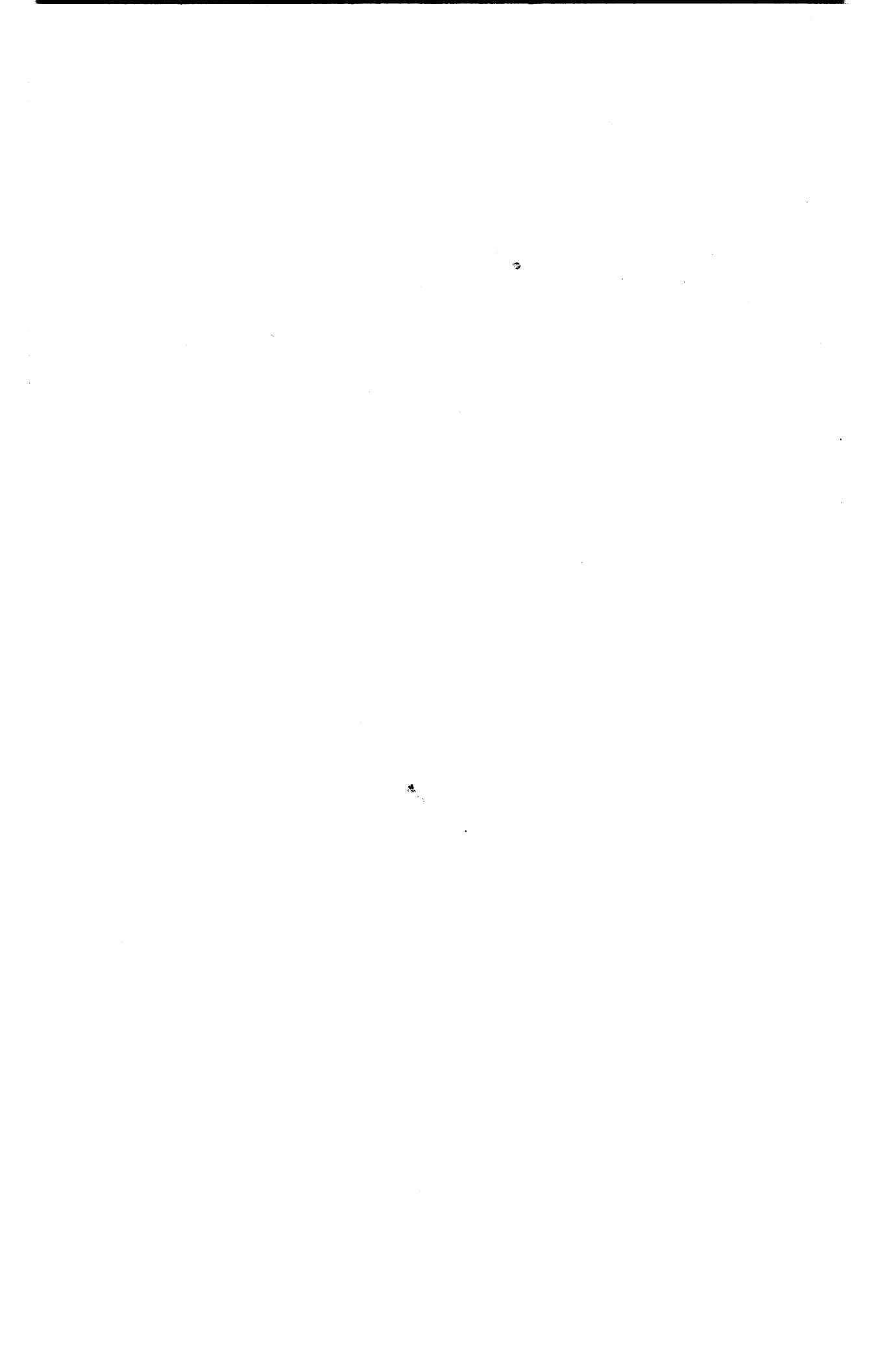
died a - hunt - ing, have died a - hunt - - ing." —

died a - hunt - ing, have died a - hunt - - ing." —

died a - hunt - ing, have died a - hunt - - ing." —

died a - hunt - ing, have died a - hunt - - ing." —

ff



Sacred and Secular Music of Spain and Catalonia for Chorus

Edited by Kurt Schindler

A. *Miracles*

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1. A MIRACLE OF THE VIRGIN MARY | Kurt Schindler |
| a. For eight-part mixed chorus a cappella | (No. 13,313. 25c) Op. 19 |
| b. For soprano and alto, or four-part chorus (or quartet) with organ | |
| | (No. 13,314. 16c) |
| 2. THE MIRACLE OF SAINT RAYMOND | Kurt Schindler |
| For twelve-part mixed chorus a cappella | (No. 13,309. 25c) Op. 18 |
| 3. THE VIRGIN'S PLAINT | Kurt Schindler |
| For soprano, mixed chorus and harp | (No. 13,286. 10c) Op. 20 |

B. *Christmas Songs*

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1. THE THREE KINGS | Rev. Lluis Romeu |
| For soprano solo and mixed chorus. | (No. 13,267. 12c) |
| 2. THE ADORATION OF THE SHEPHERDS | Kurt Schindler |
| a. For eight-part mixed chorus a cappella | (No. 13,300. 12c) |
| b. For women's chorus with organ (or piano) | (No. 13,304. 12c) |
| 3. THE BIRDS PRAISE THE ADVENT OF THE SAVIOUR | Millet-Schindler |
| For eight-part mixed chorus | (No. 13,315. 16c) |

c. *Ballads, Folksongs and Dances*

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| For mixed voices | |
| 1. IN THE MONASTERY OF MONTserrat | Antoni Nicolau |
| For six-part chorus | (No. 13,302. 16c) |
| 2. THE BALLAD OF DON JOÁN AND DON RAMÓN | Felip Pedrell |
| For six-part chorus | (No. 13,303. 16c) |
| 3. THE THREE DRUMMERS | Joan B. Lambert |
| For five-part chorus | (No. 13,310. 12c) |
| 4. SERENADE DE MURCIA | Kurt Schindler |
| For baritone solo and mixed voices | (No. 13,296. 16c) |
| 5. THE SILVERSMITH (<i>El Paño</i>). Folkdance | Kurt Schindler |
| For eight-part chorus | (No. 13,297. 16c) |

Oliver Ditson Company